

Date: 10 April 2017

Object: Jupiter – Non-Io-B

Observer: Unattended

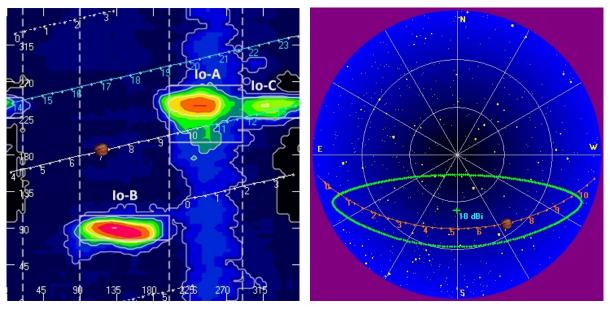
Start of pass:	0706	Planetary K-index:	1
Jupiter Altitude:	37.3 degrees	Jupiter Azimuth:	215.5 degrees
Jupiter CML:	116.97	Jupiter Io Phase:	185.11
Jupiter RA:	13:08	Jupiter Dec:	-05:33
Hour Angle:	01:51	Polarization	RCP
Sun Altitude:	-35.7 degrees	Sun Azimuth:	034.3 degrees
Sun RA:	01:09	Sun Dec:	07:20

End of pass:	0706:20	
Jupiter Altitude:		Jupiter Azimuth:
Jupiter CML:		Jupiter Io Phase
Hour Angle:		
Sun Altitude:		Sun Azimuth:

Observations made using:

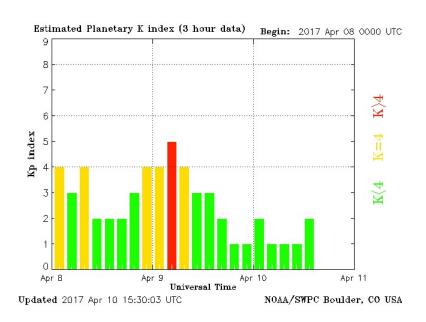
- 1. FSX-8S fed by the TFD array
 - a. 7.7 dB loss between TFD and Multicouplers.
 - b. Connect to array through HNRAO Multicoupler #1 and #2, port 2
 - i. HNRAO Multicoupler #1 TFD/LCP
 - ii. HNRAO Multicoupler #2 TFD/RCP
 - 1. Port 1 having 10 dB of gain, all other ports have 3 dB gain.
- 2. FSX-2 fed by the LWA array directly
 - a. LWA element configuration 90 degrees
- 3. JOVE 2 receiver fed by phased JOVE dipoles @ 10'
 - a. 12' phase cable phased for 2016-17 season
 - b. Calibrated 6 March 2017
 - c. Connected to dipoles through HNRAO Multicoupler #3, port 1.
 - i. 3.165 dB loss between Multicoupler and dipoles.
- 4. Icom R75 receiver fed by experimental DDRR antenna directly.
 - a. Calibrated 6 March 2017
- 5. SDRPlay
 - a. RSP1 (2) and RSP2 (1)





Beginning of Pass

End of Pass





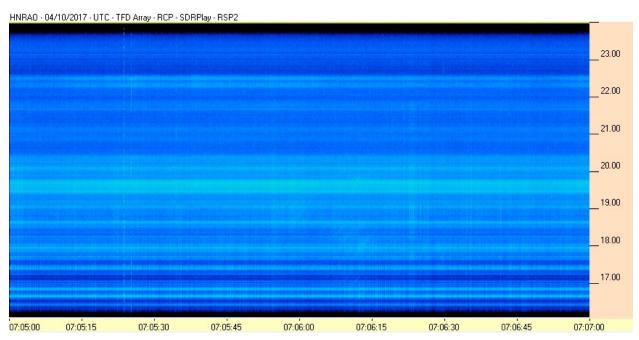
MODE	CML RANGE	Io RANGE	MAX F	POLAR	ARC	NOTES
Io-D	0-200	95-130	18	LH	Early	Also called "fourth source"
Io-B	(105 - 185)	(80-110)	39.5	RH	Early	Also called "early source"
non Io-B	80-200	0-360	38	RH	Early	Voyager info
Io-A	(200-270)	(205-260)	38	RH	Late	Also called "main source"
non-Io-A	(230-280)	0-360	38	RH	Late	
Io-C	(300-20)	(225-260)	36	RH&LH	Late	Also called "third source"
non-Io-C	300-360	0-360	32	RH&LH	Late	Voyager info

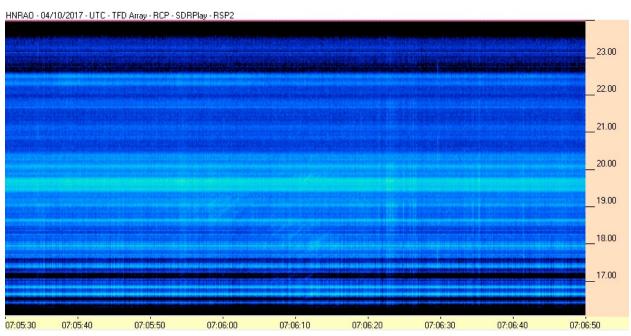
Power line RFI made review of data very difficult, however, barely above galactic background, RCP negative drift L-bursts with positive drift modulation lanes were observed at 0705:55 UT until 0706:20 UT. The CML at emission strongly suggests Non-Io-B (from table above). On review of other spectrographs, there was no LCP component to this emission detected and neither FSX spectrographs captured this event in either RCP or LCP. Visually appears to span 17 MHz to 20 MHz. No other emissions were detected for the remainder of the time before sunrise.

The clearest modulation lane measured yielded a 204 kHz/sec drift rate.

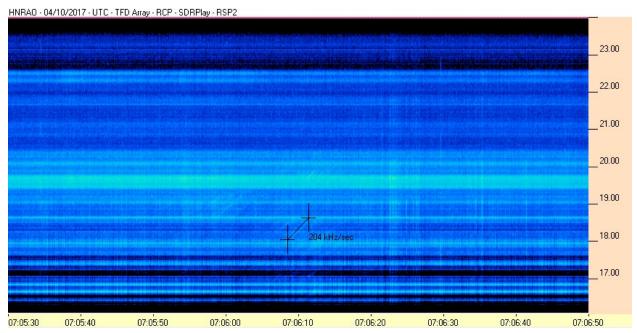


SDRPlay RSP2/TFD Pair

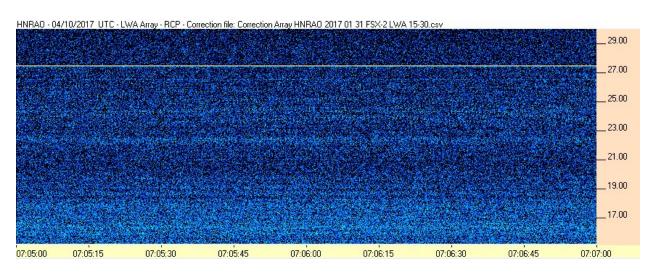








FSX-2/LWA Pair





FSX-8S/TFD Pair

