

Date: May 27, 2018

Object: Jupiter – Io-B

Observer: Unattended

Start - Time UT:	0411	Planetary K-index:	2
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	33.8	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	183.5
Jupiter CML:	83.9	Jupiter Io Phase:	89.80
Jupiter RA (hr/min):	14:56	Jupiter Dec (hr/min):	-15:27
Hour Angle (hr/min):	00:12	Polarization	RCP
Sun Altitude (deg):	-26.8	Sun Azimuth (deg):	344.3
Sun RA (hr/min):	04:08	Sun Dec (hr/min):	20:57

End – Time UT:	0600	De:	-3.3
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	27.2	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	213.2
Jupiter CML:	149.8	Jupiter Io Phase	105.10
Hour Angle (hr/min):	02:02	Duration (min):	189
Sun Altitude (deg):	-27.3	Sun Azimuth (deg):	012.9
Max Frequency MHz		Min Frequency MHz	

Observatory Configuration

Spectrograph Receiver	Antenna	Polarization	System Loss	Multicoupler	Multicoupler port	Calibrated
FSX-8S	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
1511 05	1110	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
FSX-2	LWA	RCP/LCP		N/A	N/A	N/A
1 5/X-2		manual select		IV/A	IV/A	
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
JOVE 1	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE 1	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE II	Jove dipoles	Linear	-3.12 dB	#3 Linear	Port 4 +3 dB	04/10/2018
SDRPlay RSP1	Experimental*					

JOVE dipoles phased @ 32 degrees for 2017-2018 season

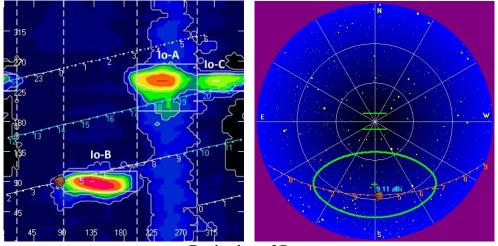
TFD array phased @ 35 degrees for 2017-2018 season

LWA antenna phased @ 35 degrees and orientation for observation: 45 degrees

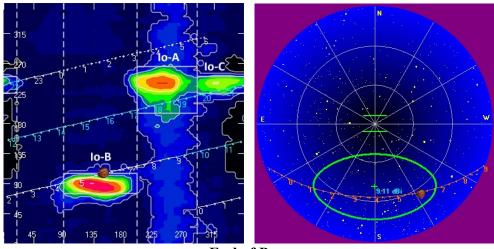
Software Radio Sky Spectrograph 2.8.50

^{*} Used for testing and evaluating antenna systems

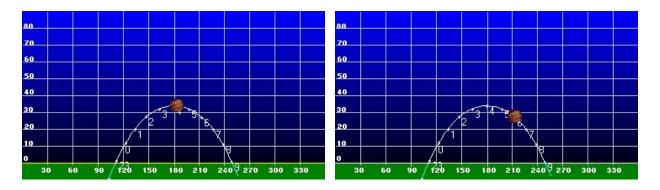




Beginning of Pass



End of Pass



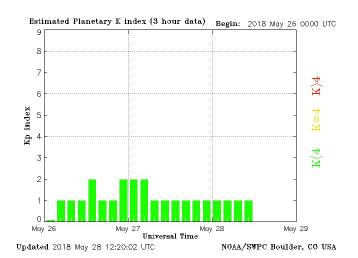


MODE	CML RANGE	Io RANGE	MAX F	POLAR	ARC	NOTES
Io-D	0-200	95-130	18	LH	Early	Also called "fourth source"
Io-B	(105 - 185)	(80-110)	39.5	RH	Early	Also called "early source"
non Io-B	80-200	0-360	38	RH	Early	Voyager info
Io-A	(200-270)	(205-260)	38	RH	Late	Also called "main source"
non-Io-A	(230-280)	0-360	38	RH	Late	
Io-C	(300-20)	(225-260)	36	RH&LH	Late	Also called "third source"
non-Io-C	300-360	0-360	32	RH&LH	Late	Voyager info

https://www.radiosky.com/jupmodes.html

Modulation Lanes Designations*		
L - Burst	S-Burst	
L1 – No lanes	S1 – No lanes	
L2 - Positive slope	S2 – Positive slope	
L3 - Cross hatched	S3 – Cross hatched	
L4 – Negative slope	S4 – Negative slope	
*Modulation Lanes in the Dynamic Spectra of Jovian L-bursts I I		

^{*}Modulation Lanes in the Dynamic Spectra of Jovian L-bursts, J.J. Riihimaa, Astron. & Astrophys. 4, 1970





This storm was observed with the FSX-2/LWA array and the SDRPlay RSP2/TFD array. The emissions were not visible in the FSX spectrograph.

For some unknown reason, the FSX-8S spectrograph ceased to operate and required a computer reboot to remedy the situation. As a result, there was no data collected with the FSX-8S spectrograph.

The proximity of a thunderstorm can be seen in the periodic bright vertical lines.

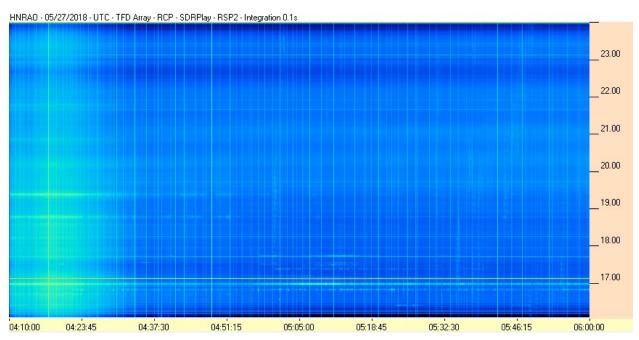
A weak Io-B storm consisting primarily of RCP S-bursts. L-bursts are seen at the beginning, but the S-bursts dominate the emissions. There were many S3 modulation lanes. L-bursts were not well defined and nebulous.

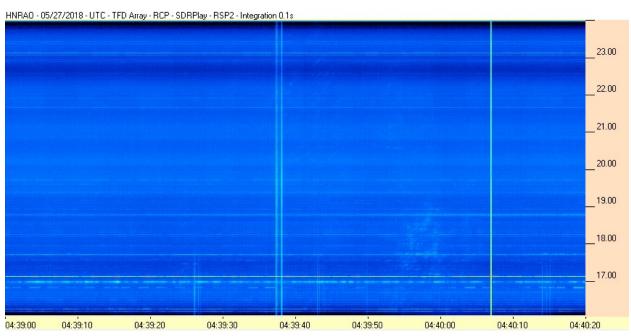
Nothing remarkable about this storm other than it's intensity and the S3 modulation lanes.

EOR

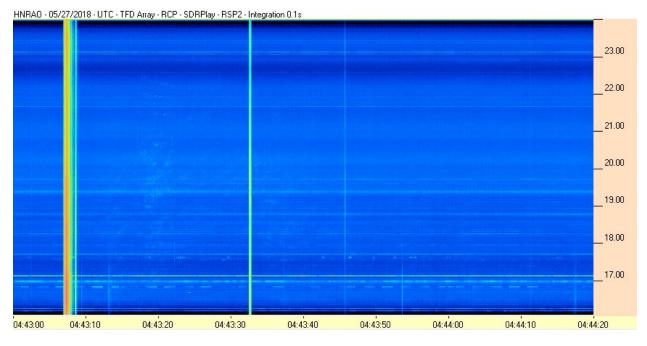


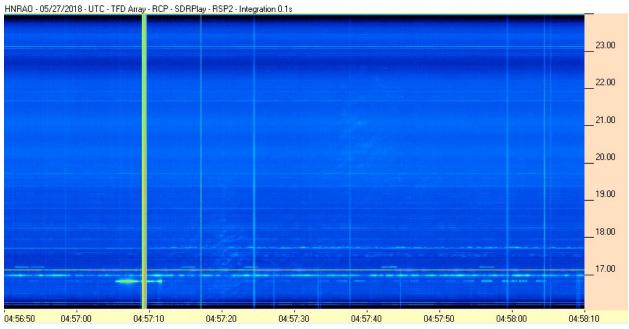
SDRPlay RSP2 / TFD Array



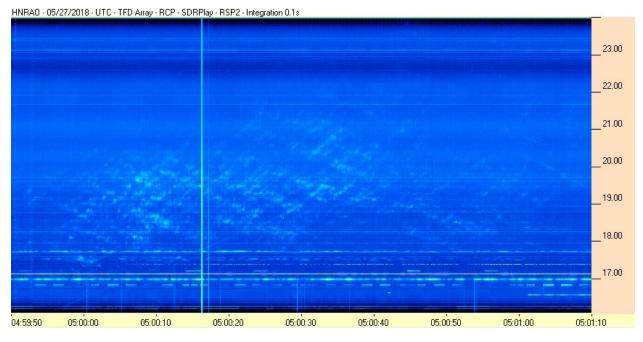


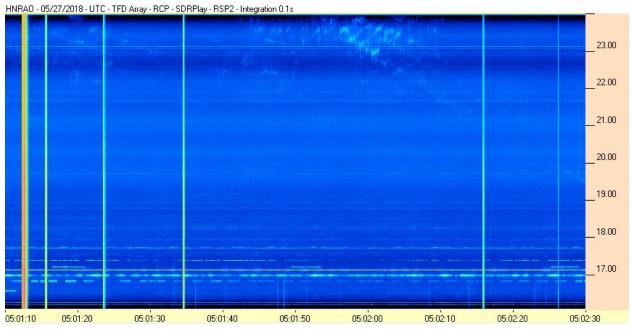




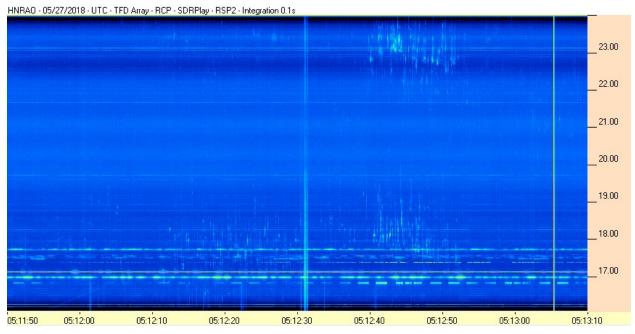


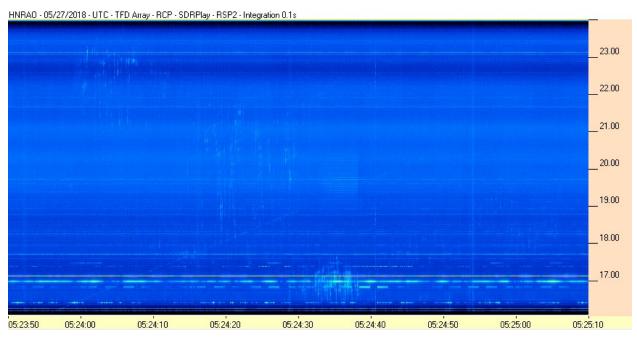




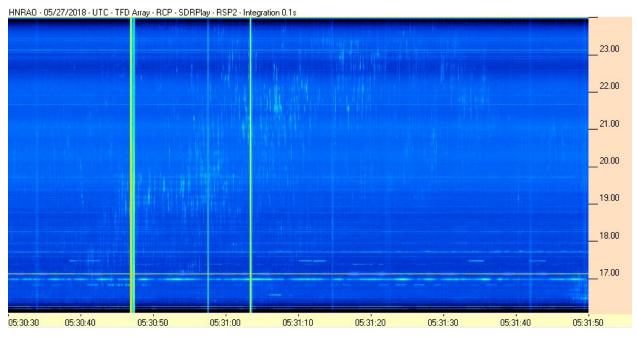


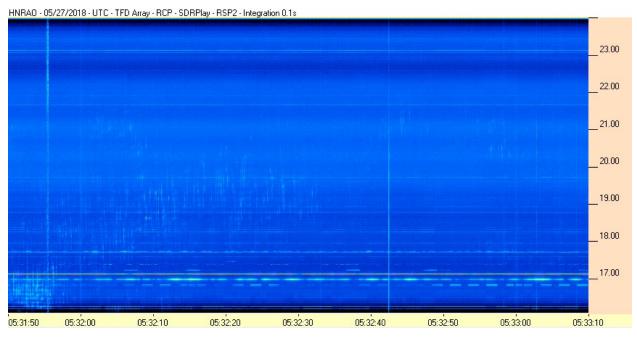




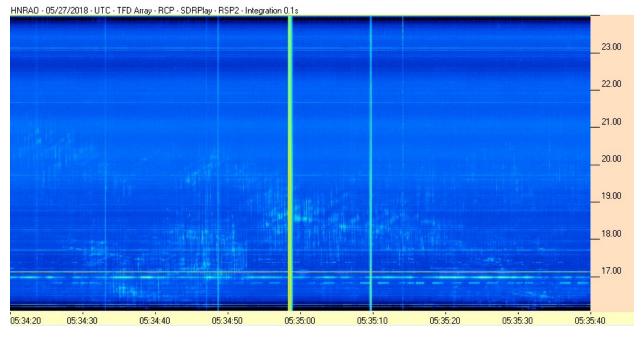


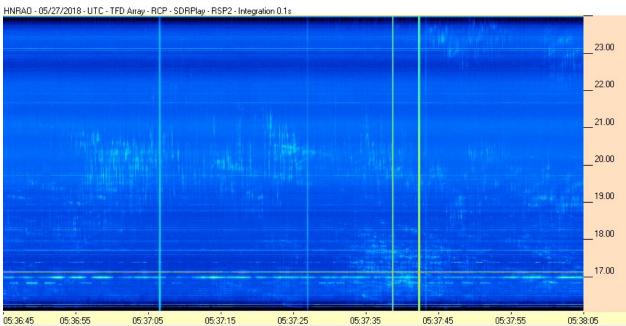




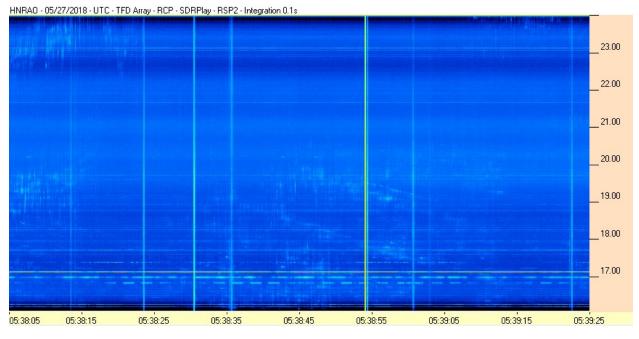


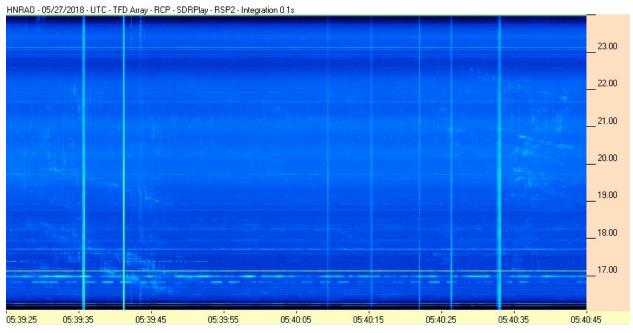




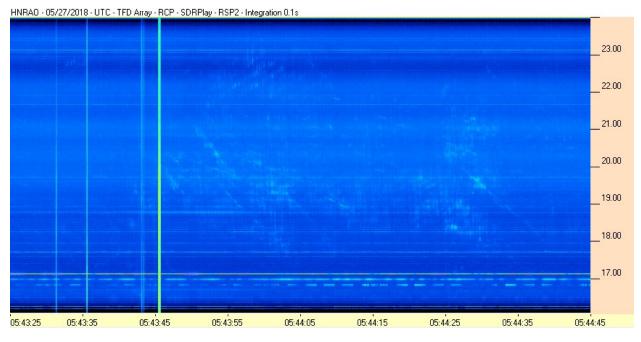


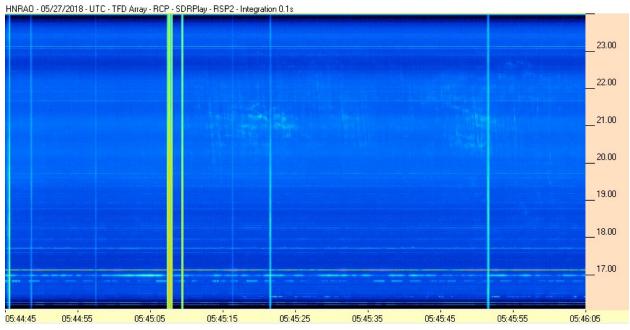




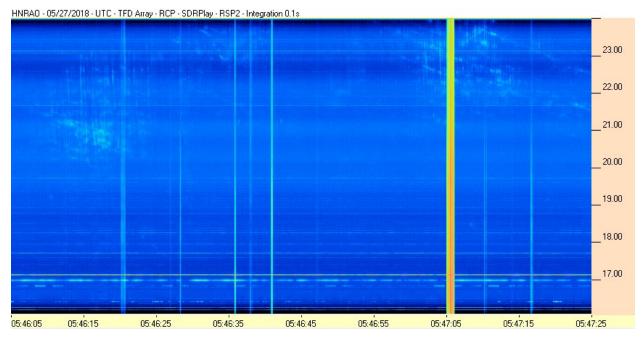


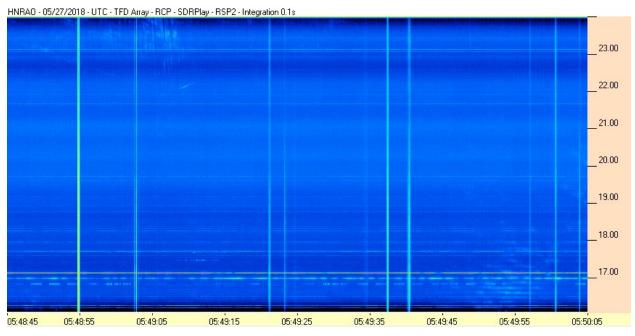




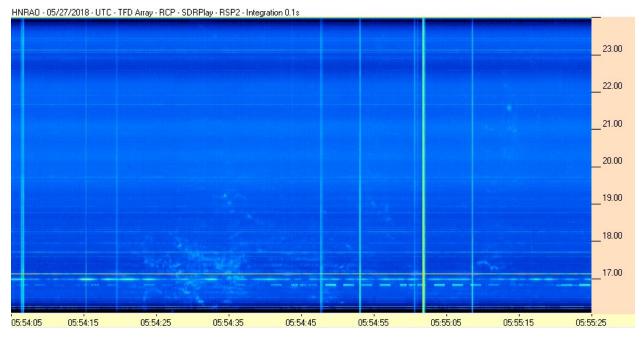


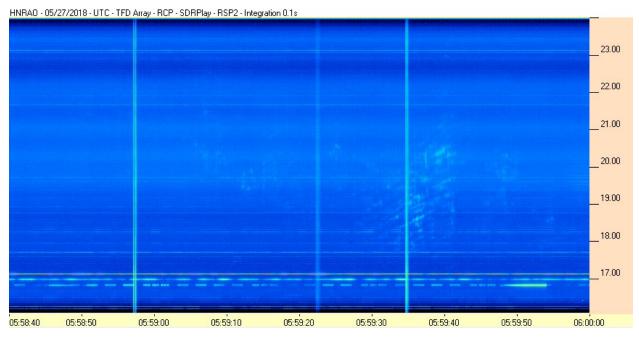














FSX-2 / LWA Array

