

Date: June 26, 2018

Object: Jupiter – Io-D

Observer: Unattended

Start - Time UT:	0204	Planetary K-index:	2
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	34.3	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	186.3
Jupiter CML:	145.4	Jupiter Io Phase:	105.46
Jupiter RA (hr/min):	14:45	Jupiter Dec (hr/min):	-14:47
Hour Angle (hr/min):	00:22	Polarization	LCP
Sun Altitude (deg):	-11.9	Sun Azimuth (deg):	315.6
Sun RA (hr/min):	06:20	Sun Dec (hr/min):	23.22

End – Time UT:	0228	De:	-3.1
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	33.5	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	193.3
Jupiter CML:	159.9	Jupiter Io Phase	108.84
Hour Angle (hr/min):	00:46	Duration (min):	32
Sun Altitude (deg):	-17.9	Sun Azimuth (deg):	320.3
Max Frequency MHz	24	Min Frequency MHz	16

Observatory Configuration

Spectrograph Receiver	Antenna	Polarization	System Loss	Multicoupler	Multicoupler port	Calibrated
FSX-8S	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
1571 05	1111	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
FSX-2	LWA	RCP/LCP		N/A	N/A	N/A
TSX-2		manual select		1N/A	1 V /A	
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
JOVE 1	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE 1	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE II	Jove dipoles	Linear	-3.12 dB	#3 Linear	Port 4 +3 dB	06/23/2018
SDRPlay RSP1	Experimental*					

JOVE dipoles phased @ 32 degrees for 2017-2018 season

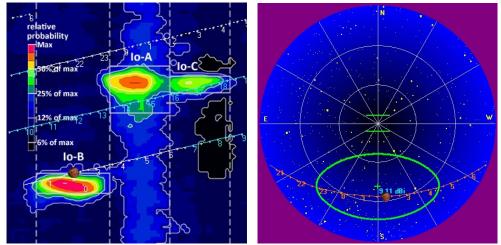
TFD array phased @ 35 degrees for 2017-2018 season

LWA antenna phased @ 35 degrees and orientation for observation: 45 degrees

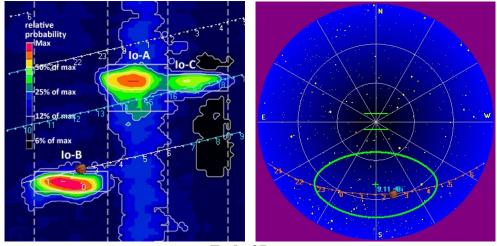
Software Radio Sky Spectrograph 2.8.50

^{*} Used for testing and evaluating antenna systems

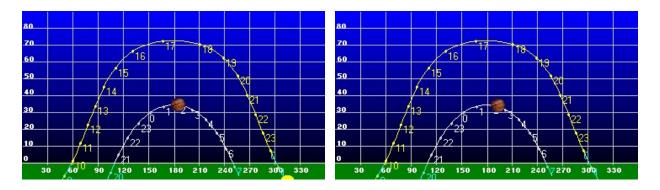




Beginning of Pass



End of Pass



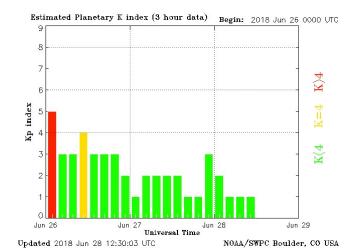


MODE	CML RANGE	Io RANGE	MAX F	POLAR	ARC	NOTES
Io-D	0-200	95-130	18	LH	Early	Also called "fourth source"
Io-B	(105 - 185)	(80-110)	39.5	RH	Early	Also called "early source"
non Io-B	80-200	0-360	38	RH	Early	Voyager info
Io-A	(200-270)	(205-260)	38	RH	Late	Also called "main source"
non-Io-A	(230-280)	0-360	38	RH	Late	
Io-C	(300-20)	(225-260)	36	RH&LH	Late	Also called "third source"
non-Io-C	300-360	0-360	32	RH&LH	Late	Voyager info

https://www.radiosky.com/jupmodes.html

Modulation Lanes Designations*			
L - Burst	S-Burst		
L1 – No lanes	S1 – No lanes		
L2 - Positive slope	S2 – Positive slope		
L3 - Cross hatched	S3 – Cross hatched		
L4 – Negative slope	S4 – Negative slope		
*Modulation Lanes in the Dynamic Spectra of Jovian L-bursts I I			

^{*}Modulation Lanes in the Dynamic Spectra of Jovian L-bursts, J.J. Riihimaa, Astron. & Astrophys. 4, 1970



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An Io-D storm, lasting 32 minutes, followied the Io-B storm earlier in the observing session. Positive drift LCP L-burst emissions with L3 and L4 modulation lanes. One strong burst at the beginning of the storm, followed by weaker emissions for the duration of the rest. Lightning discharges were very prominent through the storm, but not as bad as in the preceding Io-B storm.

Only the largest burst at the beginning of the storm was observed with the FSX-8S/TFD array spectrograph.

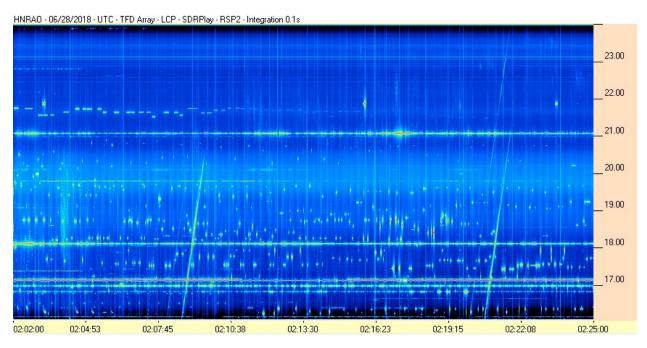
Emissions strong enough to be recorded by the Jove receiver/Jove dipole array were not visible either by the strength of the burst or masked by lightning discharges.

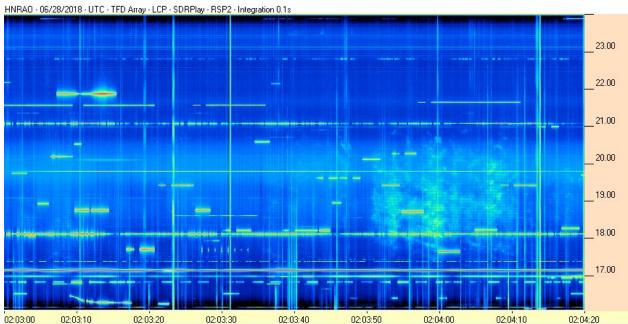
Nothing else of note.

EOR

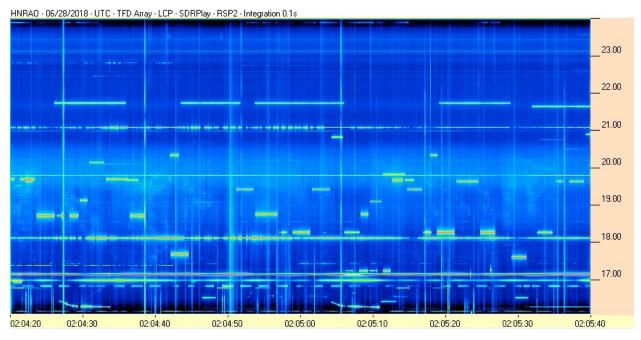


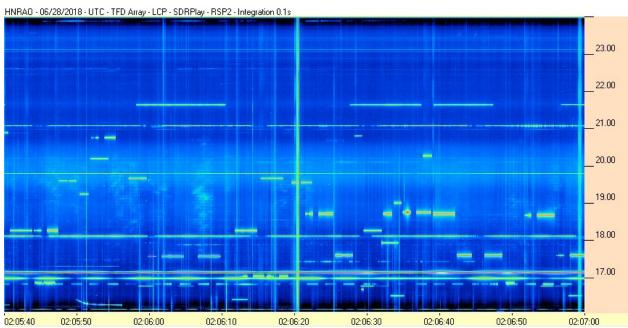
SDRPlay RSP2/TFD Array



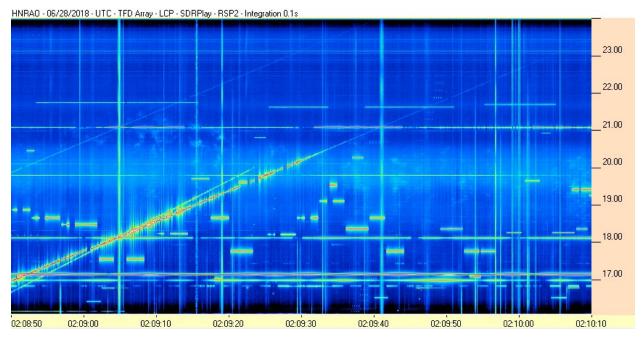


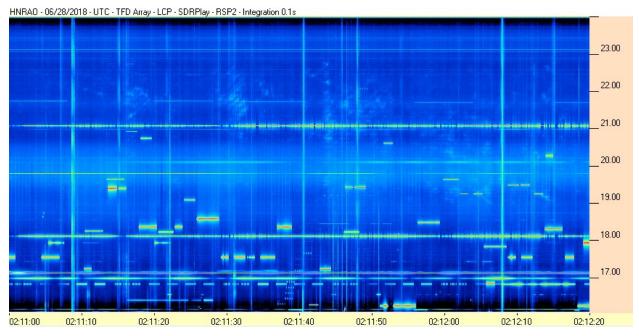




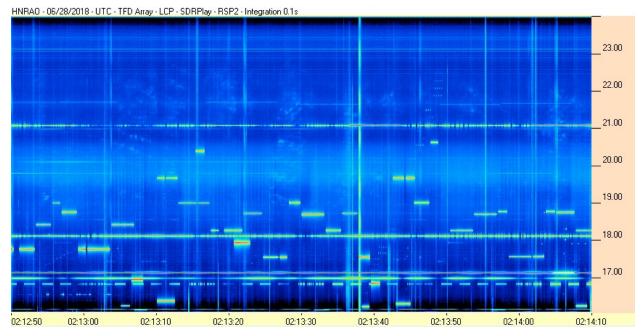


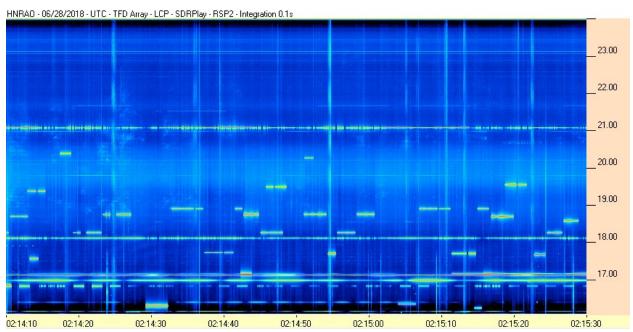




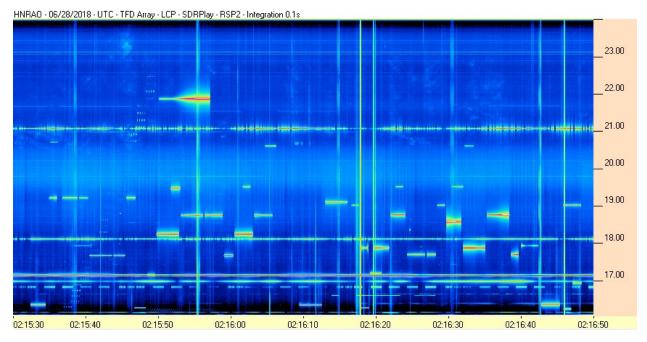


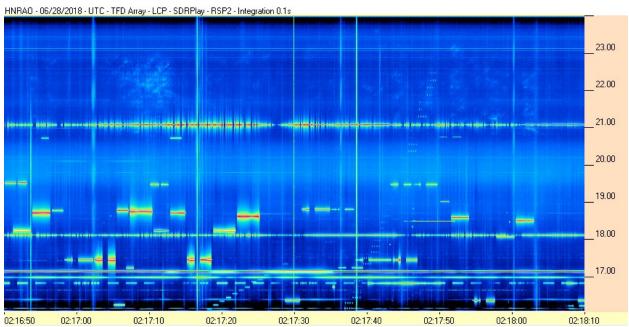




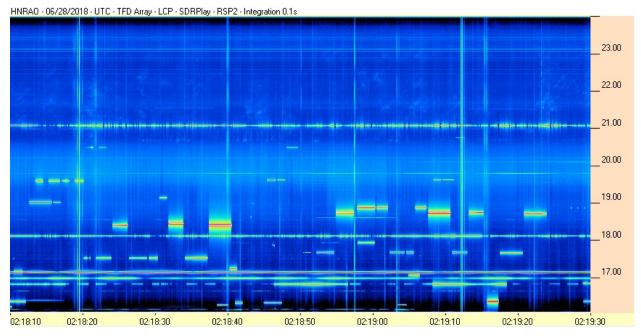


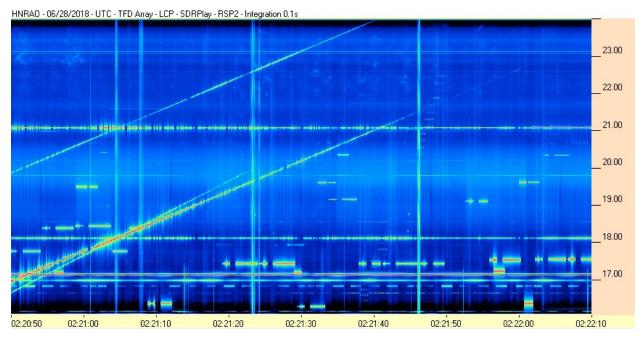




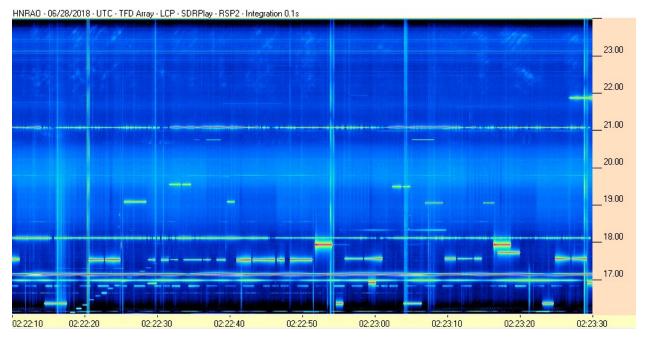


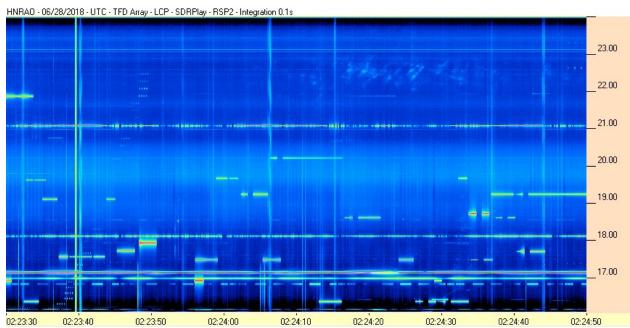




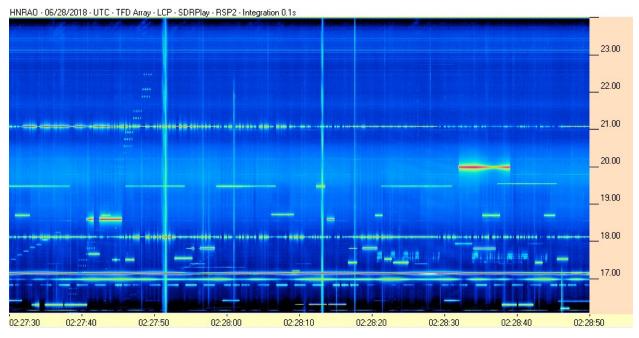














FSX-8S / TFD Array

