

**Date: March 29, 2019** 

**Object: Jupiter – Non-Io-A** 

**Observer: Unattended** 

Start - Time UT:	1011	Planetary K-index:	2
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	26.5	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	175.1
Jupiter CML:	244.18	Jupiter Io Phase:	090.13
Jupiter RA (hr/min):	17:33	Jupiter Dec (hr/min):	-22:40
Hour Angle (hr/min):	-00:19	Polarization	RCP
Sun Altitude (deg):	-11.4	Sun Azimuth (deg):	076.5
Sun RA (hr/min):	00:24	Sun Dec (hr/min):	02:35

End – Time UT:	1028	De:	-2.8
Jupiter Altitude (deg):	26.6	Jupiter Azimuth (deg):	179.8
Jupiter CML:	255.06	Jupiter Io Phase	092.06
Hour Angle (hr/min):	-00:01	Duration (min):	17
Sun Altitude (deg):	-08.0	Sun Azimuth (deg):	079.6
Max Frequency MHz	24	Min Frequency MHz	16

Data from Radio-Jupiter Pro 3.8.2

### **Observatory Configuration**

Spectrograph Receiver	Antenna	Polarization	System Loss	Multicoupler	Multicoupler port	Calibrated
FSX-8S	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
L2V-92	ורט	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 1 +10dB	Twice daily
FSX-2	LWA	RCP/LCP manual select		N/A	N/A	N/A
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
SDRPlay RSP2	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 2 +3dB	Twice daily
JOVE 1	TFD	RCP	-8.35 dB	#2 RCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE 1	TFD	LCP	-7.59 dB	#1 LCP	Port 3 +3 dB	04/20/2018
JOVE II	Jove dipoles	Linear	-3.66 dB	#3 Linear	Port 4 +3 dB	08/21/2018
SDRPlay RSP1	Experimental*					

JOVE dipoles phased @ 32 degrees for 2017-2018 season

TFD array phased @ 35 degrees for 2017-2018 season

LWA antenna phased @ 35 degrees and orientation for observation: 45 degrees

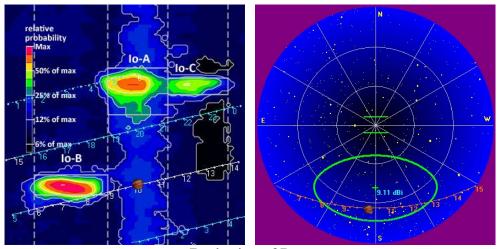
Software Radio Sky Spectrograph 2.8.50

Red = Offline

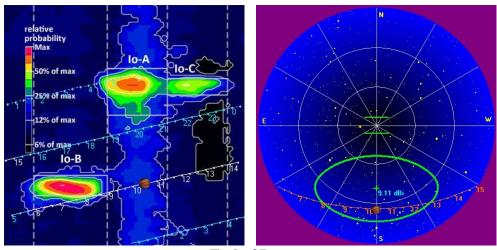
All times are synced with a local GPS locked NTP server.

<sup>\*</sup> Used for testing and evaluating antenna systems

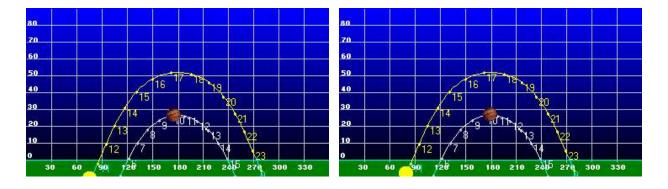




**Beginning of Pass** 



**End of Pass** 



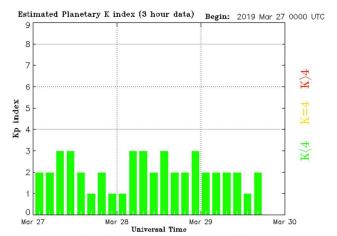


MODE	CML RANGE	Io RANGE	MAX F	POLAR	ARC	NOTES
Io-D	0-200	95-130	18	LH	Early	Also called "fourth source"
Io-B	(105 - 185)	(80-110)	39.5	RH	Early	Also called "early source"
non Io-B	80-200	0-360	38	RH	Early	Voyager info
Io-A	(200-270)	(205-260)	38	RH	Late	Also called "main source"
non-Io-A	(230-280)	0-360	38	RH	Late	
Io-C	(300-20)	(225-260)	36	RH&LH	Late	Also called "third source"
non-Io-C	300-360	0-360	32	RH&LH	Late	Voyager info

https://www.radiosky.com/jupmodes.html

Modulation Lanes Designations*			
L - Burst	S-Burst		
L1 – No lanes	S1 – No lanes		
L2 - Positive slope	S2 – Positive slope		
L3 - Cross hatched	S3 – Cross hatched		
L4 – Negative slope	S4 – Negative slope		
*			

\*Modulation Lanes in the Dynamic Spectra of Jovian L-bursts, J.J. Riihimaa, Astron. & Astrophys. 4, 1970





All observatory radio telescopes were operation during this storm. Weather conditions were cloudy and changed to rain sometime after the storm. All three RCP spectrographs recorded these emissions although the SDRPLay RSP2/TFD array pair were the most sensitive. There was no indication of this event on the SkyPipe record.

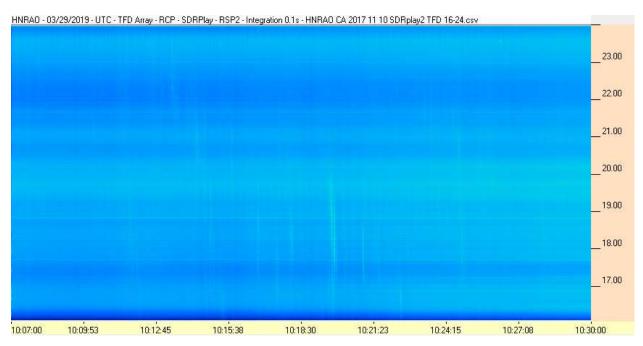
This was a brief Non-Io-A storm following an earlier Io-B storm. It consisted of negative drift L-bursts. Emissions began to be seen at 16 MHz at this observatory. L-bursts at the beginning were slightly above GB. Stronger emissions at 1019:40. There were no apparent modulation lanes.

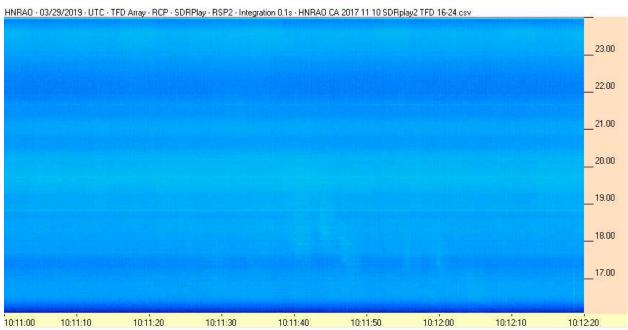
Nothing else of note.

**EOR** 

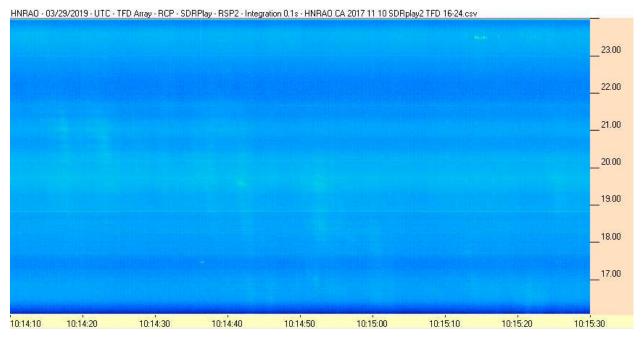


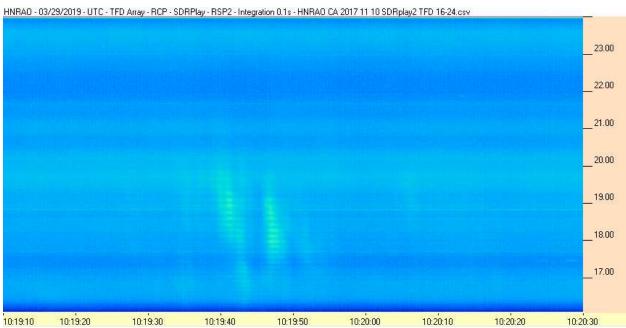
### SDRPlay RSP2/TFD Array



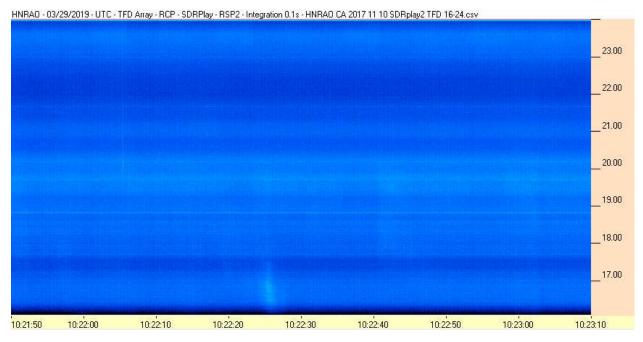


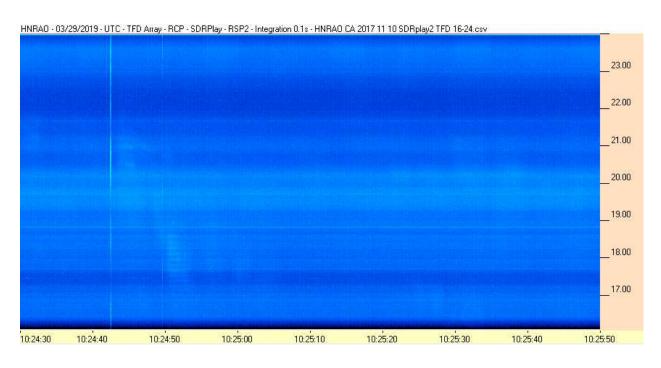






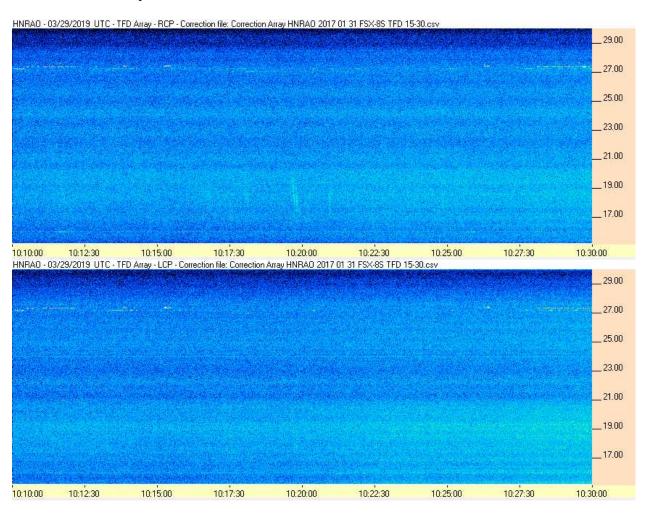




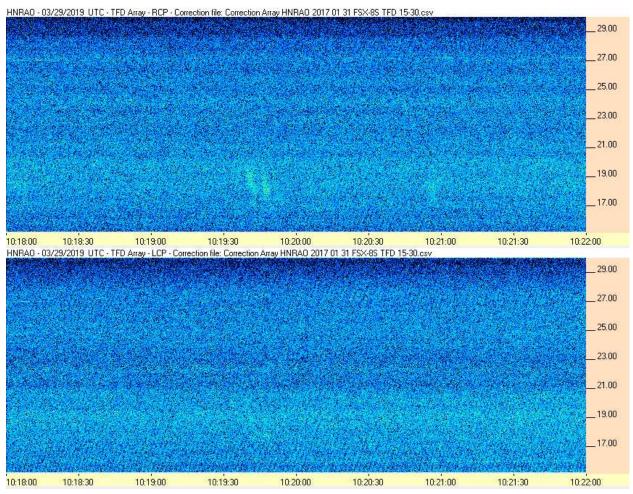




#### FSX-8S/TFD Array









#### FSX-2/LWA Array

